

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001963020017-2"

5/122/62/000/003/007/007 D262/D302

AUTHORS:

Tyuteva, N.D., Candidate of Technical Sciences and

Yevtyushkin, Yu.A., Engineer

TITLE:

Manufacture of a cutting tool from high speed steel

with an addition of boron

PERIODICAL: Vestnik mashinostroyeniya, no. 3, 1962, 82 - 83

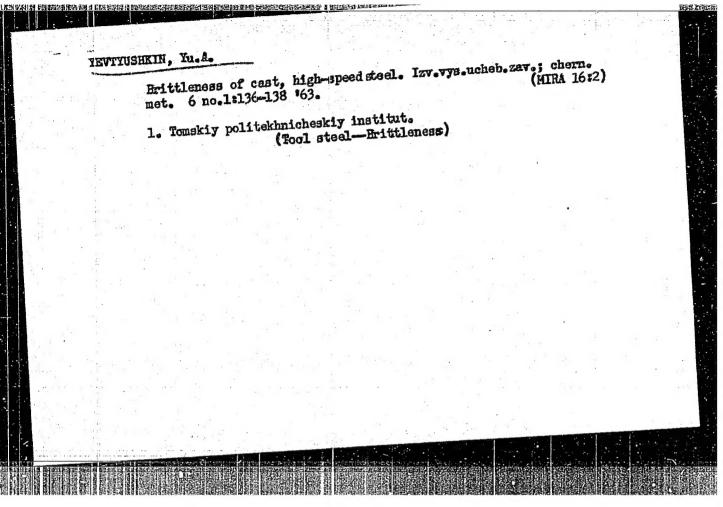
TEXT: A method of making cast steel cutting tools in chill moulds is described. To 20 kg of melted steel Py or P18 (R9 or R18) boron in powder form (40 g of 5 % ferroboron) was introduced. As a deoxidizing agent aluminum (0.2 %) was used, and loss of carbon was compensated for by the introduction of 0.2 % carbon for steel R18 and 0.1 % for steel R9, by adding to 20 kg of remelted steel 800 g of carbonized, high speed steel R18. Chemical composition was sinilar to that of steel R18, carbon content increased (1.0 - 1.2 %) boron content 0.001 %. Cast tools were tempered twice at 000°C or 620°C for 1 hour. The tools were then tested on automatic turret machines and the obtained results showed that the working life of

Card 1/2

Manufacture of a cutting tool from ... S/122/62/000/003/007/007 D262/D302

these tools was higher compared with the working life of tools made of forged steel R18. There are 2 tables.

Card 2/2



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5/148/63/000/001/016/019 E073/E451

Yevtyushkin, Yu.A...

On the brittleness of high-speed cast steel TITLE:

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Chernaya

metallurgiya, no.1, 1963, 136-138

TEXT: In the determination of the most satisfactory heat treatment conditions, type P18 (R18) high-speed steel with 1.0 to 1.3% C was produced in an induction furnace and cast centrifugally into chill moulds. To prevent decarburization, the cast tools were vacuum annealed (1.7 to 2 x 10-2 mm Hg). following results were obtained:

Annealing temperature, °C. 900	1000 11	1200	1200
waters time h 5	5 69 0.5-1.0 0.6-	5 1.1-1.8	0.6-1.2

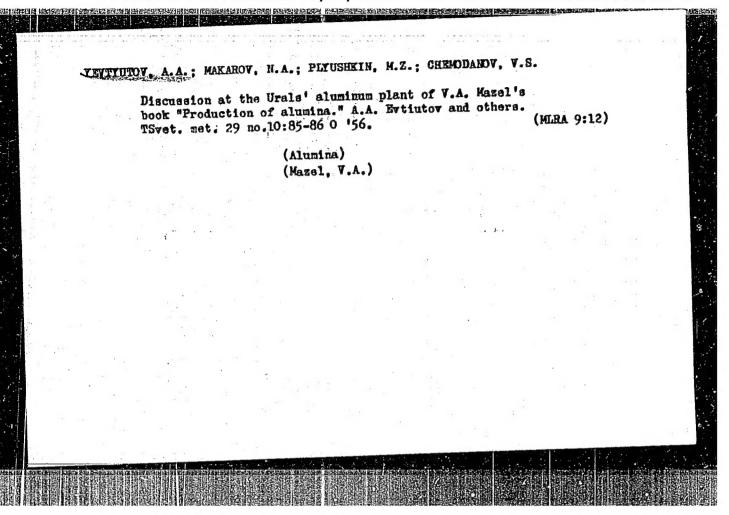
The most uniform carbide distribution is obtained by annealing for one hour at 1200°C. Usually, tools cast in chill moulds harden Card 1/3

S/148/63/000/001/016/019 E073/E451

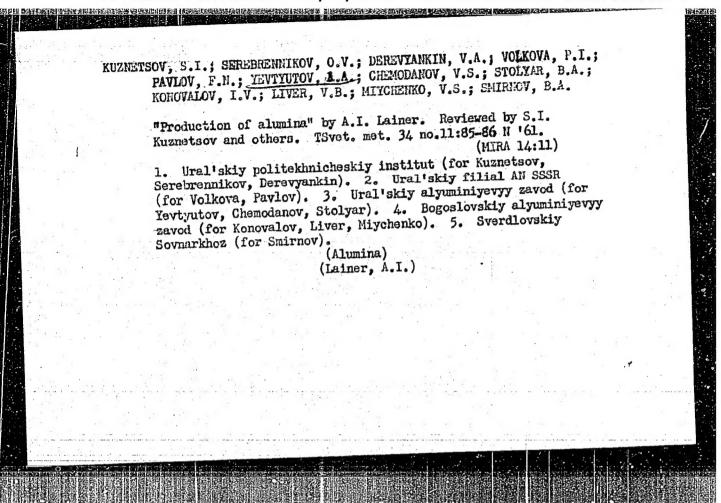
On the brittleness ...

during cooling in the moulds and subsequent heat treatment consists of tempering twice, in the same way as for forged steel. Investigations have shown, however, that steel cast centrifugally into chill moulds must be tempered at higher temperatures because the austenite is more highly alloyed and the holding time must be shortened, since maximum secondary hardness is achieved after holding for 20 min at 600°C. The following short-duration tempering conditions are considered to be optimum: tempering twice at 600°C with holding times of 20 and 60 min respectively. Thin and long tools should be isothermally annealed to obtain secondary bainite, e.g. casting, heating to 600°C, holding for 2 hours, transferred into a 260°C salt bath, holding for 4 hours, cooling in air. Test results are given for cutting tools produced experimentally and subjected to different heat Tools isothermally heat treated to obtain secondary bainite had the highest impact strength (1.6 to 2.0 kgm/cm2) and bending strength (200 kg/mm<sup>2</sup>). The time between regrinds after this heat treatment was twice as long as for the tool subjected to short-duration tempering. There are 1 figure and 1 table. Card 2/3

ASSOCIATION:	Tomskiy politekhnicheskiy institut (Tomsk Polytechnic Institute)
SUBMITTED:	February 21, 1961
Card 3/3	



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001963020017-2"



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001963020017-2"

SILINA, Ye.I.; ZLOKAZOVA, T.M.; ZOLOTAREVA, M.G. Prinimali uchastiye: YEVIXUTOY, A.A.; LEVINA, P.I.; CHEMODANOV, V.S.; SYECHNIKOVA, L.I.; KRIVONISHCHENKO, V.V.

Experimental factory testing of polyacrylamide flocculent as a substitute for meal in the production of alumina. TSvet. met. 37 no.12:44-46 D '64 (MIRA 18:2)

1. Ural'skiy alyuminiyevyy zavod (for Yeviyutov, Levina, Chemodanov). E. Ural'skiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut obogashcheniya i mekhanicheskoy obrabotki poleznykh iskopayemykh (for Svechnikova, Krivonishchenko).

TISHKOV, YL.Ya.; KHEST'YANINOV, V.F.; GURA, P.L.; FRIBYTKOV, A.Ye.;

Using new technological processes. NTO 5 no.1:29 Ja '63.

(MINA 16:5)

(Zlatoust—Iron and steel plants)

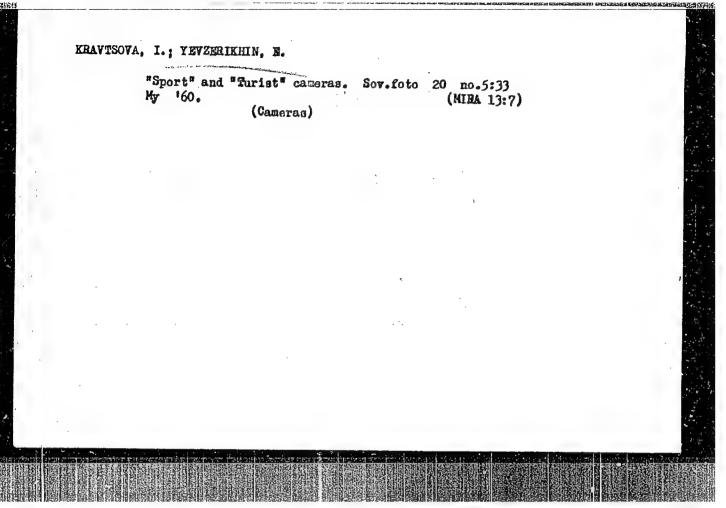
YEVYAGIN, B.B.1 PINSKYER, E.G.

29577

Elyektronografichyeskoye opryedyelye ilye elyemyentarnykh yachyeyek pirofillita i tal'ka i strukturnayt svyae'etikh minyerala s montmorillonitom. Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR, Novaya Syeriya, T. LXVIII, No.3, 1949, s.505-08

SO: LETOPIS' NO. 40

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963020017-2" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001



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# YEVZERIKHIN E Behind the wording of a great plan. Sov.foto 20 no.7:7-8 (MIRA 13:7)

J1 '60.

1. Fotokorrespondent Fotokhroniki TASS. (Hovyy Lipetsk -- Metallurgical plants ) (Photography, Journalistic)

LYUBARSKIY, G.D.; YEVZERIKHIN, Ye.I.; SLINKIN, A.A.; Prinimala uchastiye FEDOTOVA, G.A., studentka

Catalytic activity of solid solutions in the system nickel - copper. Kin. i kat. 5 no.2:311-318 Mr-Ap 64. (MIRA 17:8)

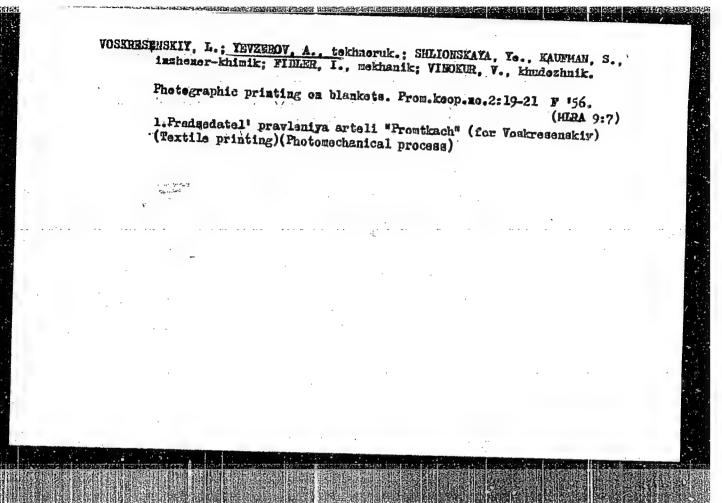
1. Fiziko-khimicheskiy institut imeni Karpova.

YEVZERIKHIN, Ye.I.; LYUBARSKIY, G.D.

Catalytic activity of alloys of the nickel - cobalt system.

Kin. 1 kat. 5 no.5:952-955 S-0 464. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Fizikc-khimicheskiy institut imeni Karpova.

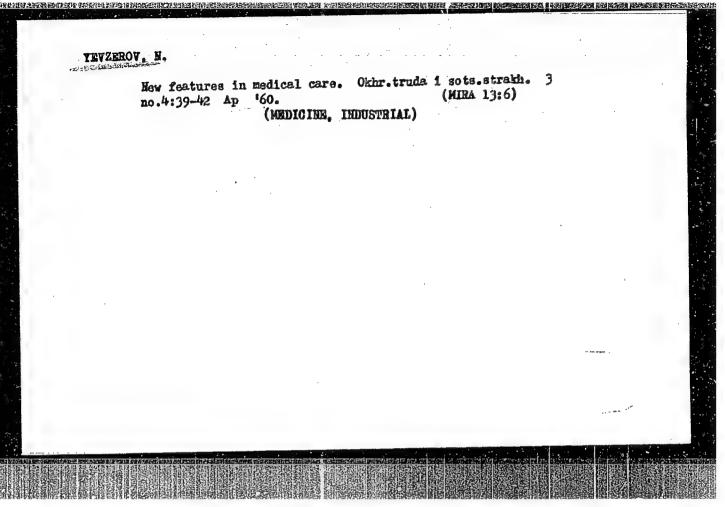


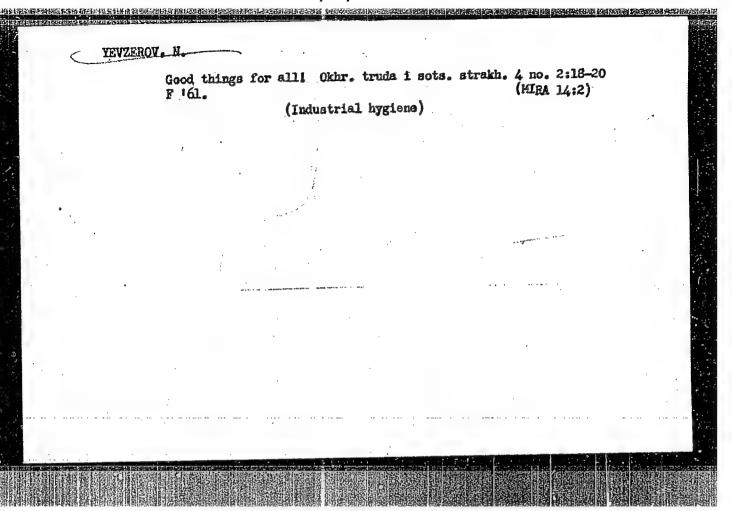
#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963020017-2

7. HOOT 47 aar(1) . au A company of the contract of SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/015/0094/0094 . M. M. Volabert B. Ye.: Resemilkov, V. S.: Ayuman, Yu. A.; Sakolinakiy, Ya. A.; avianov, a. A.; kapitmov. A. I.; Pedorov, V. H.; Ivanov, A. M.; Malinskiy, S. A.; Augmanikiy, V. V.; Palik, V. Kh.; Vynotskiy, Yu. A.; Zamukiy, V. M.; Byatrov, V. V.; Lordov, V. C.; Slobodkin, I. V.; Yevzerov, D. A.; Germanov, Yu. G.; Makaimov, N. P.; Germanov, L. A.; Pinhemalin, V. V. dag: none Tible: Science station. Class 42, No. 184466 [announced by "Neftepribor" Factory of the Instrument Denuracture Administration of Mosforsovnerkhoz (Zavod "Neftepribor" Upravleniya priborostroyediya Mosgorsovnarkhoza)7 SOURCE: Izobret prom obraz tov zn, no. 15, 1966, 94 TOPIC TAGS: seismologic station, seismologic instrument ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a geismic station containing a sciemic signal detector, a recording amplifier unit, an oscillograph, a magnetic drum recorder, a channel reproduction unit, a control unit, a reproduction amplifier, a multichannel borehole probe, a drum with photographic paper, a retransmitting unit, and a power supply. To increase the reliability when transferring from operation with the method of reflected waves to the method of refracted waves, a filter unit is connected between the first and second stages of the recording amplifier unit. 'A 550.340:19

L 10031-67 ACC NR. AP6029933 modulator-demodulator unit and a reel type magnetic recorder are connected in series to the output of the recording amplifier unit. For operation with the method of refracted waves, the filter unit has frequency cutoffs of 7-30 hz, and for operation at sca--frequency cutoffs of 20--50 hz. To increase the reliability of the recorded data with operation by the method of regulated directional reception, a switching unit for the channels to be summed, a static correction unit, and a summing unit are connected in series between the magnetic drum recorder and the reproduction amplifier. To increase the reliability when transferring from operation with the method of reflected waves to scismic logging, a frequency selection unit is connected between the multicharmel borchole probe and the magnetic drum recorder. To improve the quality of the recorded material, an electron beam unit for introducing static and dynamic corrections is connected between the reproduction amplifier and the drum with photographic paper. SUB CODE: 08/ SUBM DATE:





GRAVE, H.K., YEVZEROV, V.J.

Latest and present tectonic movements in the central part of the Kola Peninsula

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Report to be submitted for the First International Symposium on recent crustal movements, (IUGG) Leip ig 21-26 May 1962

GRAVE, M.K.; YEVZEROV, V.Ya.; YEGOROVA, I.A.

Interglacial sediments in the central part of the Kola Peninsula

and boreal transgression. Dokl. AM SSSR-160 no.3:673-675 Je '65.

(MRA 18:3)

1. Kol'skiy filial im. S.M. Kirova AN SSSR. Submitted June 3, 1964.

YEVZEROV, V. Ye.

11/5 752.4 .G5

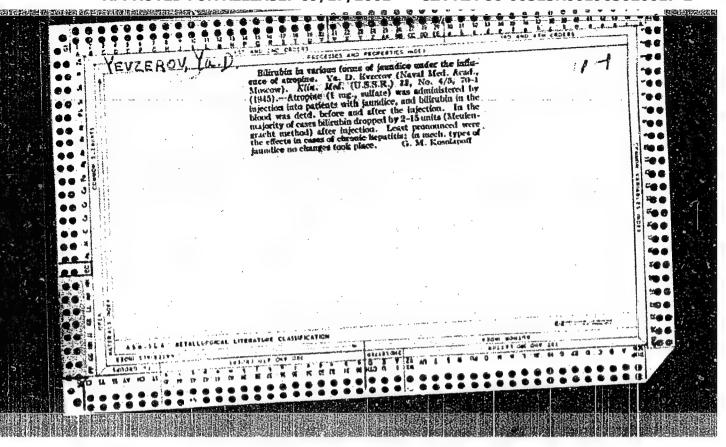
GIRIN, GEORGIY KONSTANTINOVICH

Organizatsiya i tekinika torgovli promyshlennymi tovarami (Organization and technique of trade in industrial goods, by)

G. K. Giria i <u>V. E. Yevzerov</u>. Moskva, Gos. Izd-vo Torgovoy
Literatury, 1956.

415 P. illus., diagrs.

MB



#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001963020017-2 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

YEVZEROVA, F. K.

AID - P-76

Subject

: USSR/Engineering

Card

1/1

Authors

Alenchikov, S. I., Eng., and Evzerova, F. K., Eng. Moscow

Title

Quality of Steam for Uniflow Separating Boilers

Periodical

Izv. V.T.I., v. 21, #3, 17-18, Mr 1952

Abstract

Different methods of washing salt from steam in conventional and uniflow boilers are discussed. The salt concentration in water during evaporation is expressed with differential equations. 2 charts.

Institution: Moscow Inst. of Power Engineering im. Molotov (MEI), Bureau of Uniflow Boiler Construction

Submitted

: October 5, 1951

VETTEROVA, F.E.

AID P - 4378

Subject

USSR/Power Engineering

Card 1/1

Pub. 110 a -4/17

Authors

: Alenchikov, S. I. and F. K. Yevzerova, Engs. Moscow Branch of the Central Scientific Research Institute for Boilers and Turbines and the All-Union Heat Engineering Institute.

Title

: Salt-concentrating device for testing of feed water and condensates.

Periodical

Teploenergetika, 5, 22-24, My 1956

Abstract,

A new device for feed water concentration, and its design and operation are described. Reportedly this instrument makes possible a ten-fold concentration of liquid. One diagram, 3 tables.

Institution:

None Section Central Research Inst., Borkers and turbines, Mos Cow

Submitted

No date

sov/96-59-7-14/26

Yevzerova, F.K., Engineer AUTHOR:

Continuous Control of the Quality of Feed-water and Condensate (Nepreryvnyy kontrol' kachestva pitatel'noy vody i kondensata) TITLE:

Teploenergetika, 1959, Nr 7, pp 65-69 (USSR) PERIODICAL:

Steam and feed-water samples from high-pressure boilers must be considerably concentrated before continuous reliable ABSTRACT: quality control measurements can be made on them. A salt concentrator was proposed in 1947; the Moscow Power Institute Design was published in 1950 and the BPK instrument was developed in 1951 for continuous control of the quality of super-heated steam. One such instrument was installed on a once-through boiler at Regional Power Station Nr 18 of the Moscow Power System and gives about 24-fold concentration of the Moscow Power System and gives about 24-fold concentrations. tration of the sample. The author, in collaboration with S.I. Alenchikov, developed a salt concentrator for feedwater samples, and the instrument was installed and tested at the same power station. The concentration factor was found to depend upon the heating-steam pressure; if this was raised from 4.7 to 4.9 atms the concentration factor increased from 7 to 11.5, which is obviously not good enough. Card 1/5

sov/96-59-7-14/26

Continuous Control of the Quality of Feed-water and Condensate

A simple analysis of the problem is given on the assumption that the sample is delivered at a constant rate, at a temperature of 100°C and pressure of 1 atm, and that the heating medium is dry saturated steam at constant pressure. Equation (1) is derived for this case and then M is defined as the product of the evaporator surface area and the heattransfer coefficient divided by the rate of flow of sample, The relationship between the concentration factor and M is given in expression (3), where r is the latent heat of steam at 1 atm and the temperature difference is that between the saturation temperatures of the testing medium and the sample. Graphs of the concentration factor as a function of the pressure of the heating steam for various values of M are given in Figure 1. It will be seen that the greater the value of Mi the greater the dependence of the concentration factor on the pressure of the heating steam. Graphs of the concentration factor as a function of the pressure of the heating steam for two evaporators in series, each with the same value of M, are shown in Figure 2. It will be seen that with two-stage evaporation a concentration factor of about 20 san

Card 2/5

SOV/96-59-7-14/26

Continuous Control of the Quality of Feed-water and Condensate

be achieved and depends very little on the pressure of the heating steam. In practice the concentration factors of the BPK instrument are lower than the theoretical value because the conditions are not quite constant; in particular, the sample flow is constant only at the inlet to the first stage of evaporation. Certain changes were made in the BPK salt concentrator to increase its stability. A diagram of the modified BPK-VTI instrument is given in Figure 3 (VTI signifies All-Union Thermo-Technical Institute). A temperature stabiliser is installed before the first stage; it consists of a heat exchanger with the sample flowing in the inner tube and steam at atmospheric pressure in the outer. Special arrangements are made to ensure constant rate of flow in the second stage. The operation of the instrument is explained. As the evaporative surfaces are the same in the BPK and the BPK-VTI salt concentrators, it was possible to compare them. Test results of the concentration factor as a function of the neating-steam pressure for the BPK-VTI instrument are plotted in Figure 4 and the corresponding line for the old

Card 3/5

SOV/96-59-7-14/26

Continuous Control of the Quality of Feed-water and Condensate

The new salt concentrator is instrument is chain-dotted. more stable than the old and when heating-steam pressure is raised from 4.7 to 4.9 atm the concentration factor increases only from 9 to 10.5. In addition to concentrating the samples, the instrument also de-gasses them effectively, as will be seen from the tabulated data; this is of importance in making electrical measurements on the samples. The ten-fold concentration given by this equipment is hardly sufficient for modern requirements, and itwould be better to have a factor of about 20. By appropriate selection of the concentration factor in each of the two stages a salt concentrator was developed with a factor of 20. It requires about 25 kg/hr of sample and uses heating-steam at a pressure of about 13 atm. With only slight complication this BPK-VTI salt concentrator can be used for both steam and concentrate at any temperature and pressure. The additional parts are an inlet heat-exchanger and expander. The sample of steam or water

Card 4/5

SOV/96-59-7-14/26

Continuous Control of the Quality of Feed-water and Condensate

passes to the inner tube of the inlet heat-exchanger, whose outer tube carries wet steam from the temperature stabiliser. Thus the sample reaching the inlet heat-exchanger is always at a temperature of 100°C. Lecause this instrument has a stable concentration factor it is recommended for the continuous control of individual contaminants in steam and condensate. There are 4 figures, 1 table and 5 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Vsesoyuznyy teplotekhnicheskiy institut (All-Union Thermo-Technical Institute)

Card 5/5

# YEVZEROVA. Yo.K.; SHINYANSKAYA. Ts.Ya.

Treatment of infectious diseases of the nervous system by massive doses of vitamin  $B_1$  and the peculiarity of its action on pain syndrome. Vrachebnos delo 27, 587-92 (columns, not pp.) \*47. (GA 47 no.21:11537 \*53)

YEVZEROVA, YE. K.

Yevzerova, E. K. - "The primary and reflex syndrome of the lower chest and sacral section of the boundary trunk of the sympathetic nervous system", Sov. vracheb. sbornik, Issue 13, 1949, p. 9-12.

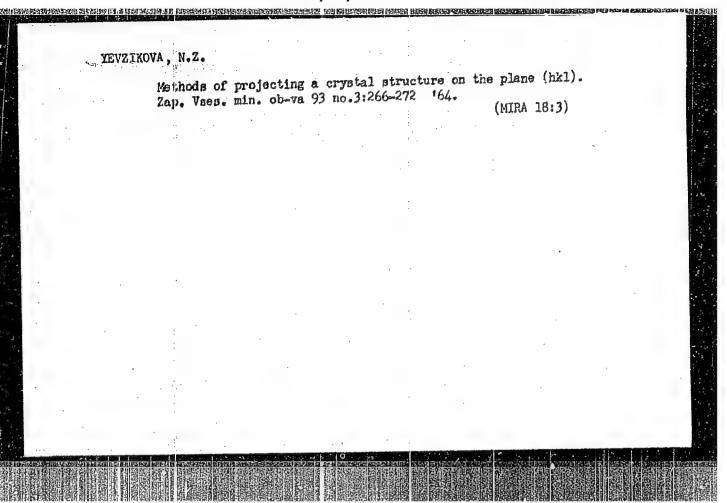
SO: U-4329, 19 August 53, (Latopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 21, 1949).

POLONSKIY, M.S.; ZHURAVIN, M.A.; IADYZHENSKIY, Ye.B.; PINSKER, B.I.; ZUBOV, V.C.; SHESTERIKOV, A.A.; YAKUN', F.V.; KRYHITSA, M.N.; AREF!YEV, B.A.; YEVZIKOV, L.L., starshiy stroitel' sudov; PAVIENKO, I.F.; YEKOVIEV, B.M., inzh.; MARKOV, A.P., inzh.

Readers' response to the article by engineer M.A. Daikhes entitled "Method of mounting the main engines with minor deformations of the foundation frame and the cranshaft". Sudoptroenie 30 no.10:57-66 0 164.

1. Gruppovoy inzh.-mekhanik SSKh parokhodstva "Kaspar" (for Zubcv).

2. Inzh.-inspektor Registra SSSR (for Yakun'). 3. Glavnyy inzh.inspektor inspektsii Registra SSSR Baltiyskogo basseyna (for Aref'yev). 4. Starshiy mekhanik teplokhoda "Tadzhikistan" (for Pavlenko).



YEVZIKOVA, N.Z.

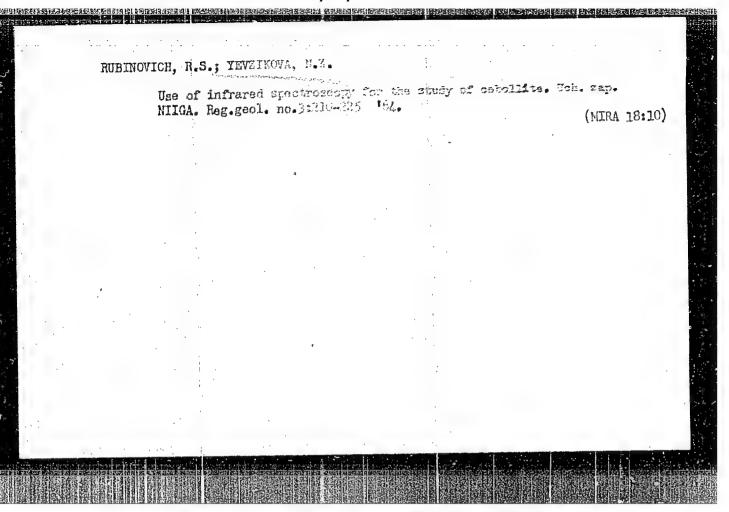
Principles of the structural and geometric analysis of crystal faces. Zap. Vses.min.ob-va 94 no.2:129-1/2 65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut geologii Arktiki, Leningrad.

YEVZIKOVA, N.Z.

Fourlings of alkeli akorusnite from the Coikhincha denosit (northern part of Krasnoyarsk Territory). Zap. Vses. min.
ob-va 92 no.31322-327 '65. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel skly institut geologii Arktiki.



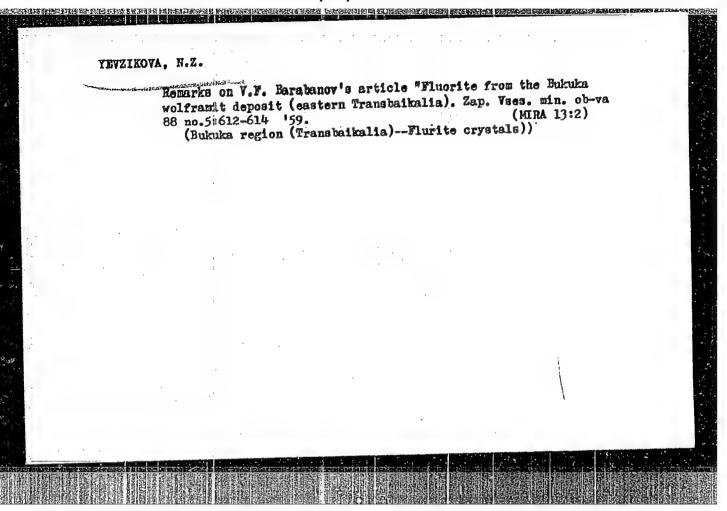
YEVINOLANA.

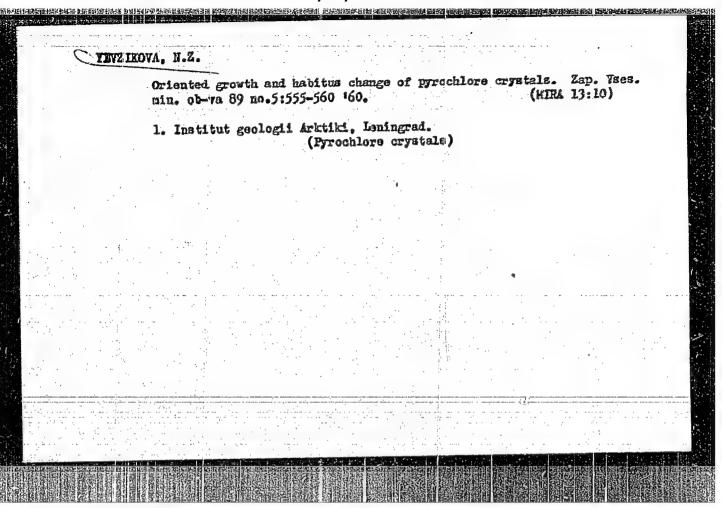
TEVZIKOVA, N.Z.

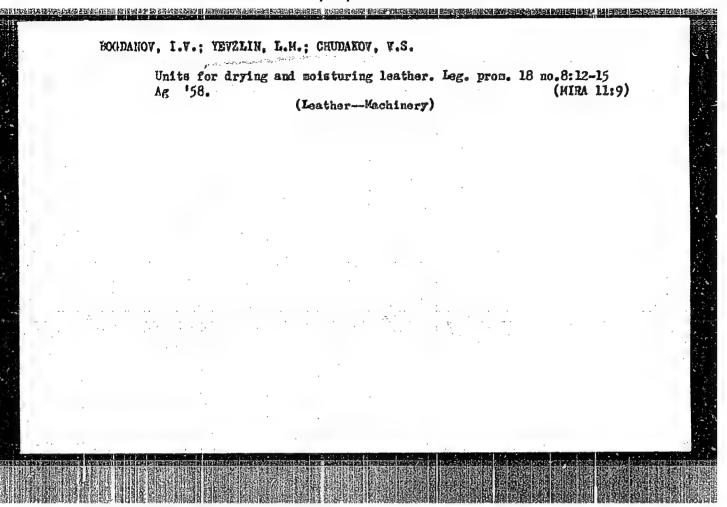
Pegmatites of basic rocks and the origination mechanism of graphic feldspar and quarts structure in them. Zap.Vson.min.ob-va 64 no.3: 321-331 155.

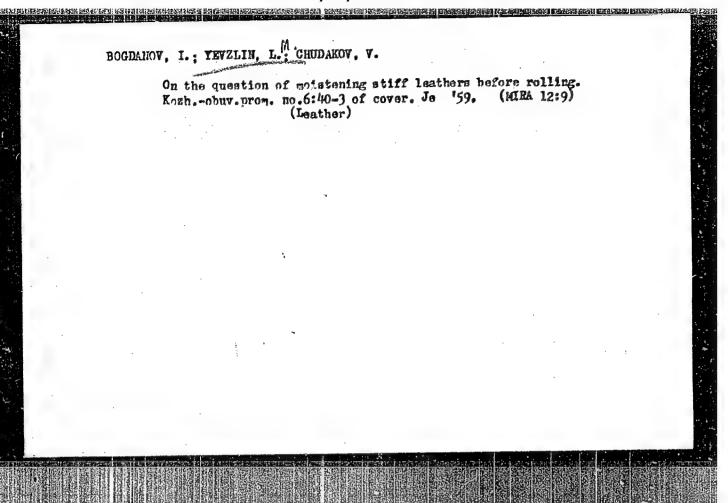
(Pegmatites)

(Pegmatites)









BOGDANOV, I.V.; YEVZLIN, L.M.

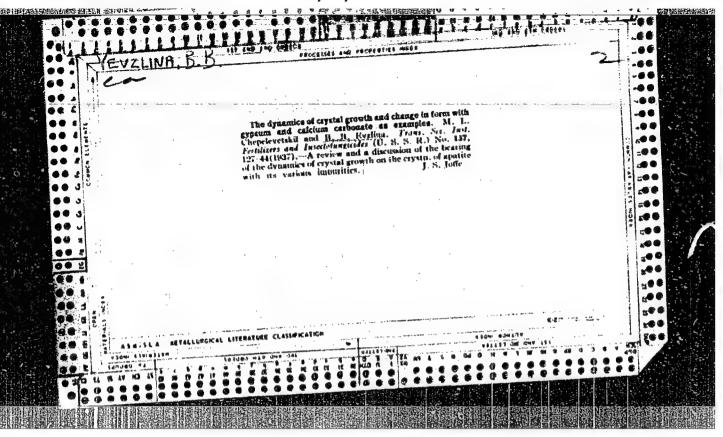
Belt conveyor dryers for paperboard. Bum.prom. 38 no.1:27-28 Ja 163. (MIRA 16:2)

restratores de la compactación de

1. Cosudarstvennyy proyektnyy institut predpriyatiy legkoy promyshlennosti Moskovskogo gorodskogo soveta narodnogo khozyaystva.

(Drying apparatus)

(Paperboard)



Yevelina, B. B.

"Tritration by Maximums Trubidity with a Photelactric Colorimeter. II Determinations of Sulfate Iron in Phosphate Solutions," M. L. Chepelevetskiy, S. S. Rubinova, and B. B. Evelina, Zavod Lah XI, pp 783-7 (1945) (SEE: Inst. Insect/Fung/ in Ia. 7. Sancylor)

S0: U-237/49, 8 April 1949

YEVZENA, B.B.

AID P - 3488

Subject

: USSR/Chemistry

Card 1/1

Pub. 152 - 3/21

Authors

: Postnikov, N. N., B. B. Yevzlina, and O. V. Vasil'yeva

Title

Comparative reducibility of synthetic and natural

calcium phosphates

Periodical

: Zhur. prikl. khim., 28, 6, 579-584, 1955

Abstract

tion of phosphorite and apatite ores as well as that of the synthetic and natural phosphates used in the experiments is given. The difference in the reducibility of the calcium phosphate and apatite groups, is ascribed to the difference in their composition. Three tables, 5 diagrams, 11 references, all Russian (1927-1951).

Institution :

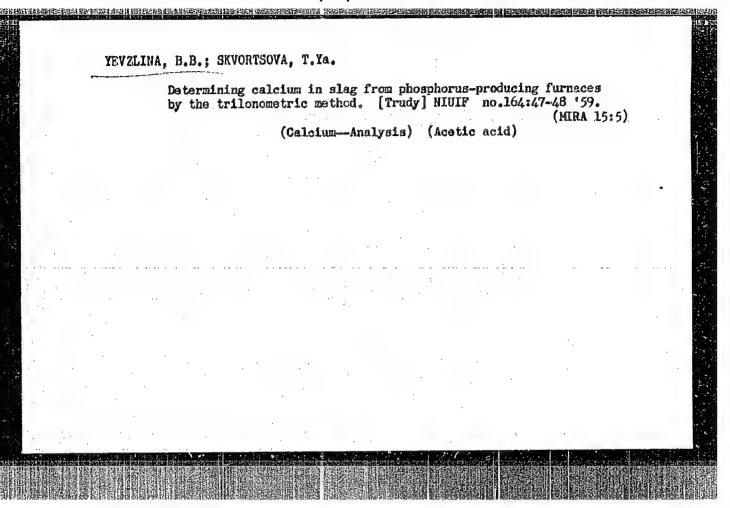
None

Submitted

F 20, 1953

POSTHIKOV, N.H.; FRENKEL', M.G.; YEVZLIMA, B.B.; SMIRNOV, A.I.; PIOTHIKOVA, V.I.

Composition and properties of defluorinated phosphates. Zhur.
prikl. khim. 31 no.10:1453-1460 0 '58. (MIR& 12:1)
(Phosphates)



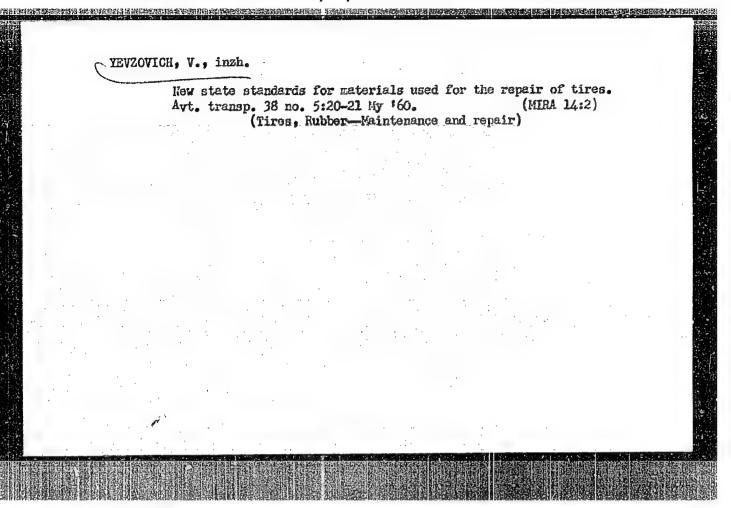
YEVZOVICH, B. Ye.

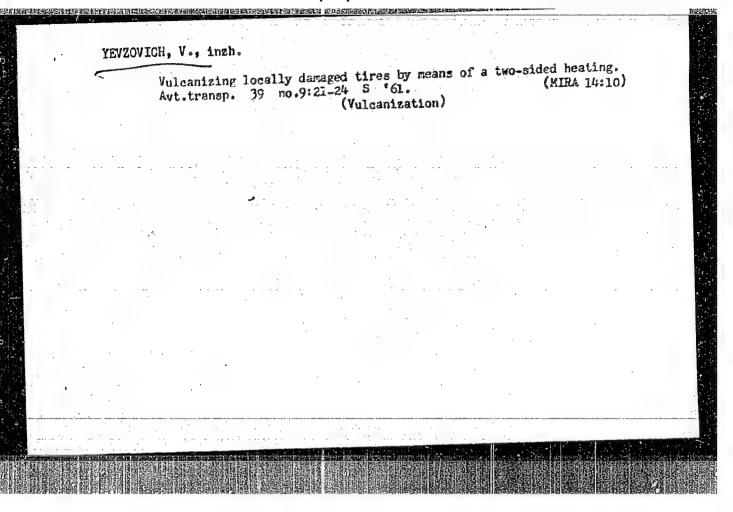
Yevzovich, B. Ye. "On the history of the development of hypothalamus (supraoptic and paraventricular substances)" Sbornik nauch, rabot, posvyashch, 70-letiyu prof. Seppa, Moscow, 1948, p. 48-57

SO: U-3264, 10 April 1953, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 3, 1949)

Effect of cement interlayers on the strength of the bond between repair materials and the tire. Avt.transp. 37 no.11: 27-30 N 159. (MIRA 13:2)

(Automobiles--Tires)





KCVAL CHUK. V.P., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; YEVZOVICH, V.Ye., starshiy inzhener; GALAKTIONOVA, Ye.H., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

。 1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,1987年,19

[The repair of automobile tires in foreign countries] Remont avtomobilinykh shin za rubozhom. Moskva, Nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo avtotransp.lit-ry. Pt.l. 1956. 33 p. (MLRA 10:3)

1. Moscow. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel\*skiy institut Avtomobil\*nogo transporta. 2. Nachal\*nik laboratorii avtomobil\*nykh ahin Nauchno-issledovatel\*skogo institta avtomobil\*nogo transporta (for Koval\*chuk)

(Automobiles -- Tires -- Repairing)

YEVZOVICH, Viktor Yevseyevich; BODRILIN, A.P., red.; NIKOLAYEVA, L.N., tekhn.red.

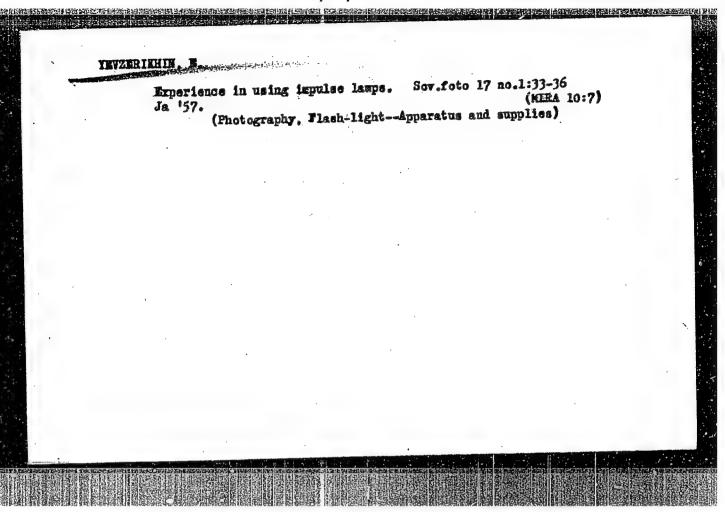
[Effect of glue films on the quality of tire repairs] Vlianie kleevykh proslock na kachestvo remonta shin. Moskva, Avtotransizdat, 1960. 56 p.

(Automobiles-Tires-Maintenance and repair)

YEVZOVICH, Viktor Yvseyevich; CRINERRG, P.I., red.; GORYACHKINA, R.A., tekhn. red.

[Retreading motor-vehicle tires] Vosstanovlenie protektorov avtomobil'nykh shin. Moskva, Avtotransizdat, 1963. 84 p. (MIRA 16:12)

(Tires, Rubber--Retreading and recapping)



YEY, B.N.; ALAKHVERDYANTS, S.A.; MAYOROVA, L.A.

Role of vegetables and fruits in the epidemiology of geohalminthiasis under climatic conditions prevailing in Ashkhabad. Zdrav. Turk. 3 no.4:26-27 Jl-Ag 159. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Iz Ashkhabadskogo instituta epidemiologii i gigiyeny (nauchnyy rukovoditel' - dotsent Ye.Ya. Gleyberman).

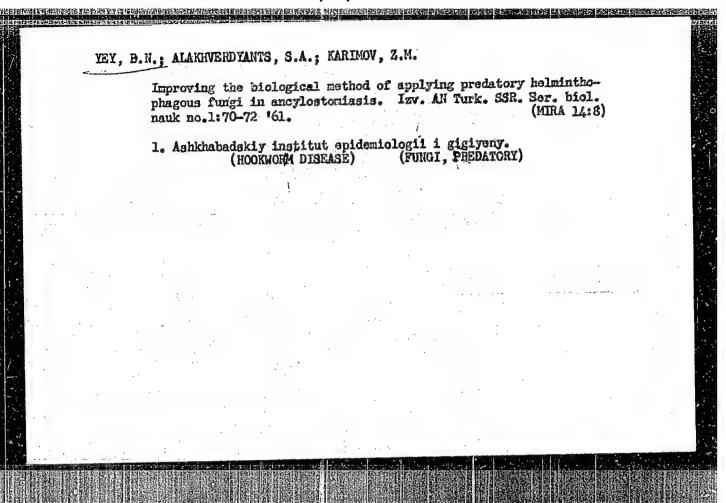
(ASHKHABAD--WORMS, INTESTINAL AND PARASITIC)

(FOOD, RAW--HYGIENIC ASPECTS)

YEY, B.N., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; AGADZHANOV, R.A., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; ALAKHVERDYANTS, S.A., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; DASHKOVA, Ye.M., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; MAYOROVA, L.A., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; SHTOK, E.Sh., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Experience in the sanitary and hygienic evaluation of agricultural aweage farms in Ashkhabad. Gig. i san. 25 no. 12:18-20 D '60. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Iz Ashkhabadskogo instituta epidemiologii i gigiyeny. (SOIL MICRO-ORGANISMS) (SEWAGE IRRIGATION)



# ALAKHVERDYANTS, S.A.; YEY, B.N.; MAYOROVA, L.A. Sanitary and helminthological evaluation of vegetables, greens, and fruits under the climatic conditions of Ashkhabad. Hed. paraz.i paraz.bol. no.3:288-289 '61. (MIRA 14:9) 1. Iz Ashkhabadskogo instituta epidemiologii i gigiyeny (dir. Ye.S. Popova). (ASHKHABAD—PRODUCE TRADE—HYGIENIC ASPECTS) (ASHKHABAD—WORMS, INTESTINAL AND PARASITIC)

MESHCHERINA, Ye.M. (Belova); YEY, B.H.; KARIMOV, Z.M.

Mew.foci of viscaral leishmanissis in Mary Province of the Turkmen 9.3.R. Med.paraz.i paraz.bol. no.52597-599 '61.

(MIRA 14:10)

1. IZ Ashkhabadakogo instituta epidemiologii i gigiyeny Ministorstva zdravookhreneniya Turkmenekoy 83R (dir. instituta Yes. Popova).

(MARY PROVINCE...KALA-AZAR)

MESHCHERINA, Ye.M.; YEY, B.N.; KARIMOV, Z.M.

Some data on internal leishmaniasis in Mary Province. Zdrav. Turk. 5 no.1:15-17 Ja-F '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Iz Ashkhabadskogo instituta epidemiologii i gigiyeny (dir. - dotsent Ye.S.Popova).

(MARY PROVINCE—KALA-AZAR)

## TEY, B.N.; ALAKHVERDYANTS, S.A.; MAYOROVA, L.A. Epidemiology of ascariasis in Ashkhabad. Zdrav. Turk. 5 no.6:121/4 N-D '61. 1. Iz Ashkhabadskogo instituta epidemiologii i gigiyeny (dir. dotsent Ye.S.Popova). (ASHKHABAD—ASCARIDS AND ASCARIASIS)

## Preparations with spores of predatory fungi destructive to helminths for controlling the larvae of pathogenic nematodes. Izv.AN Turk. SSR.Ser.biol.nauk no.4:81-83 '62. (MIRA 15:9) 1. Ashkhabadskiy institut epidemiologii i gigiyeny. (NEMATODA—BIOLOGICAL CONTROL) (FUNGI, FREDATORY)

MAYOROVA, L.A.; ALAKHVERDYAN, S.A.; YEY, B.N.

Use of naphthamon in the treatment of ancylostomiasis.

Zdrav. Turk. 7 no.4:32-33 Ap'63. (MER. 16:6)

1. Iz Ashka badskogo instituta epidemiologii i gigiyeny (dir. dotsent Ye.S. Popova). (HOOKMORMS)

(ANTHEMINITICS) (HOOKMORMS)

STAVROV, S.N., kand. khim. nauk; YEYDINOVA, Ye.M. [Eidinova, E.M.]

Preparation of magnesium chloride from magnesium gypsum. Khim. prom. [Ukr.] no.3:76-78 J1-S '63. (MIRA 17:8)

l. Krymskiy filial Nauchne-issledovatel'skogo instituta stroitel'nykh materialov Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury UkrSSR.

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

### CIA-RDP86-00513R001963020017-2

ACC NR. AP6033257 SOURCE CODE: UR/0109/66/011/010/1837/1845

AUTHOR: Yeyedlichka, M.; Vilim, P.

ORG: Research Institute of Vacuum Electronics, Prague (Issledovatel'skiy institut vakuumnoy elektroniki)

TITLE: A semitransparent antimony-rubidium-cesium photocathode

SOURCE: Radiotekhnika i elektronika, v. 11, no. 10, 1966, 1837-1845

TOPIC TAGS: photocathode, photoelectric emission, alkali cell, alkali metal oxide, semiconducting film, antimony, rubidium, cesium

ABSTRACT: An Sb-Rb-Cs oxidized two-alkali photocathode has been developed at the Research Institute of Vacuum Electronics in Prague. Parameters of the cathode are as follows: average integral sensitivity, 60—80 μa/lm; maximum sensitivity, 125 μa/lm; maximum spectral sensitivity, 480—500 nm; long-wave boundary, in the 750 nm region; quantum efficiency in the 600-nm region, up to 0.08 electron/quant (this value approaches that obtained for an Sb-Na-K-Cs type three-alkali photocathode; photoelectric work function, 1.65 ev; temperature-dependent thermoelectric work function, 1.25 ev. Width of forbidden zone according to optical measurements, 1.4 ev and with thermal excitation, 1.3 ev; thermoelectronic emission, 1.4 ev and with thermal excitation, 1.3 ev; thermoelectronic emission, 1.5 amp/cm² at 20°C; specific resistance of the photocathode at room-temperature 1.5 amp/cm². The acceptors level with an activation energy of 0.45 ev is in the forbidden zone. The authors express their gratitude to Mishkovakaya for her cooperation Cgrd 1/2

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P2-L/Pe-L JHB/GW

ACCESSION HR: AR3002046 S/0269/63/000/005/0055/0055

SOURCE: RZh. Astronomiya. Otdel'nyy vypusk. Abs. 5.51.459

AUTHOR: Yoygenson, M. 3.: Mandrykina, T. L.

TITLE: A new type of solar and heliogeophysical forecasts

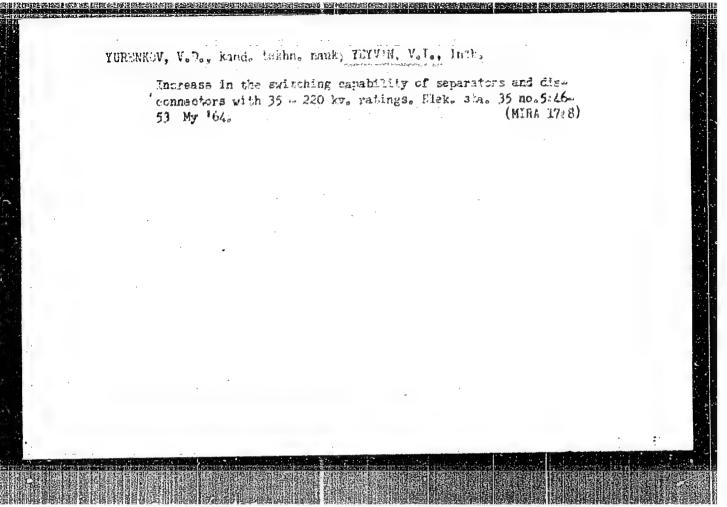
CITED SOURCE: Visnyk L'vive'k. un-tu. Ser. fiz., no. 1(8), 1962, 88-89

TOPIC TAGS: solar fluctuation, solar activity prediction

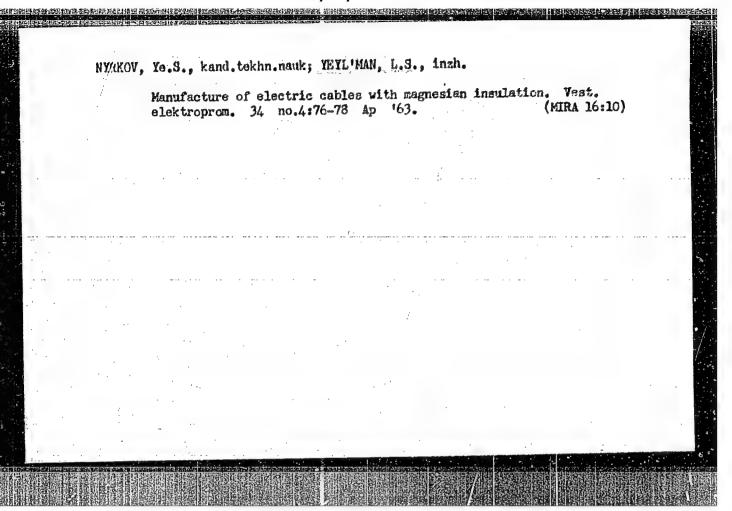
TRANSLATION: On the basis of a fluctuation analysis made earlier by these authors, and a study of the character of fluctuations in solar activity, the authors now express opinions on the possibility of predicting the fluctuational course of solar activity and solar geoactivity. There is a bibliography of 5 items.

DATE ACQ: 30May63 SUB CODE: AI ENCL: 00

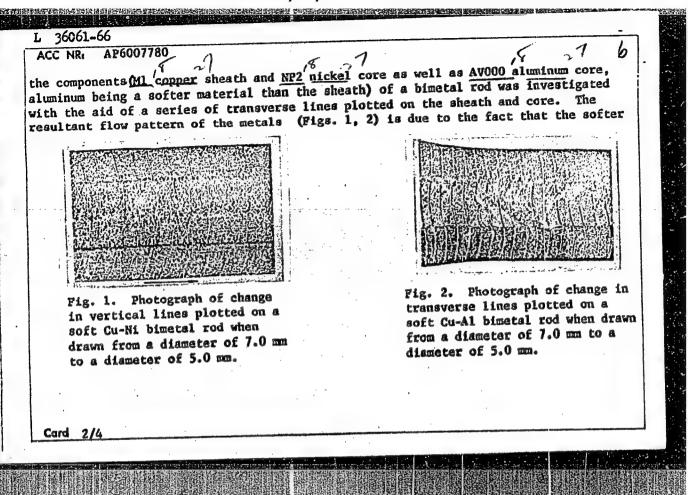
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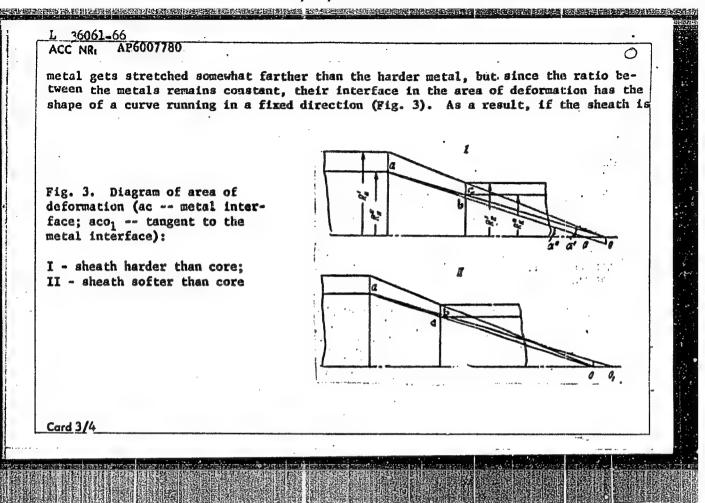


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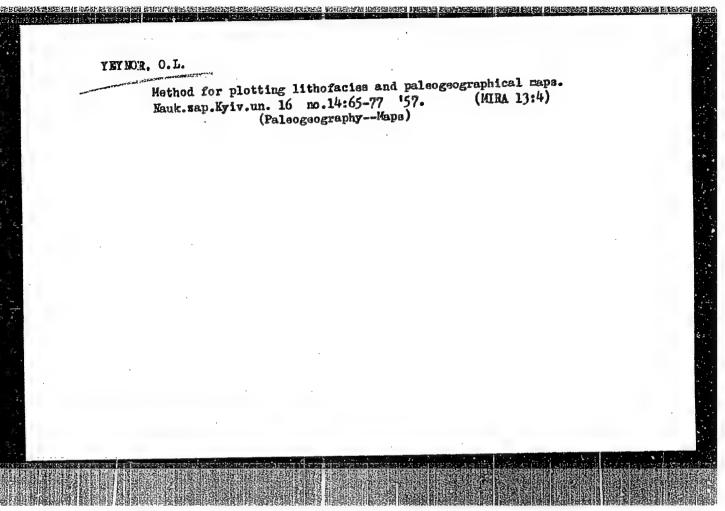


36061-66 EWI(m)/EWP(t)/ETI/EWP(k) IJP(a) SOURCE CODE: UR/0136/66/000/002/0071/0074 AP6007780 ACC NRI AUTHOR: Yeyl'man, L. S. ORG: none TITLE: Nature of the deformation of metals during the drawing of circular bimetal rods SOURCE: Tavetnyye metally, no. 2, 1966, 71-74 TOPIC TAGS: copper, nickel, aluminum, metal drawing, metal deformation, bimetal/ /Ml copper, NP2 nickel, AV000 aluminum ABSTRACT: Since the drawing of a bimetal rod involves the simultaneous deformation ( two metals with different mechanical properties, there arises the question of whether the ratio between the cross sectional areas of the core and sheath is not altered by this process. To clarify this question, the authors performed a large number of experimental measurements of the diameter of sheath and core, 5 mm in front of the area of deformation and 5 mm beyond that area, before and after the drawing of a Cu-Ni soft bimetal wire of 1.0-mm diameter which in a single drawing pass was stretched to the diameter of 0.85 mm. The measurements were correct to ± 1 µ. It was thus found that the diameter ratio between sheath and core before drawing averages 0.8025 and after drawing, 0.8091. The findings were statistically analyzed (Student test) and it was thus established that this difference is not significant and it is rather attributable to experimental error. After this, the effect of such a constaucy of the ratio between 621.9-422:621.771.3 UDC: Card 1/4





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YEZAN, A. Ya.

Harvesting

Highly productive use of tractor-drawn combines in hervesting grain. Dost. sel'khoz. no. 7, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, December 1952. Unclassified.

Samoletov, A., Uspenskiy, A., and Y ezdakov, D. "A model poultry packing plant" (The Tomilino plant), Myas. industriya, 1949, No. 1, p. 47-50.  SO: U-3042, 11 March 53, (Letopis'nykh, Statey, No. 10, 1949).										
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YEZDAKOV, K.Ye., inzh.; LANTSBURG, Ya.B., inzh.; RYAZANTSEV, K.G., spets. red.; AZRILYANT, Ya.M., red. izd-va; GILENSON, P.G., tekhn. red.

[Gollection of official materials on the protection of labor in construction work] Sbornik ofitsial nykh materialov po okhrane truda na stroitel stve. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo lit-ry po stroit. i arkhit. i stroit. materialam, 1961. 701 p. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Soyuz rabochikh stroitel'stva i promyshlennosti stroitel'nykh materialov. TSentral'nyy komitet.

(Construction industry—Safety measures)

YEZDAKOV, N. V., Cand Agr Sci -- (diss) "Effectiveness of the feeding waste products of the antibiotic industry in fattening of swipe." Mos, [1957]. 13 pp (All-Union Sci Res Inst of Animal Husbandry, Department of Franking Nutrition of Agricultural Animals) (KL, 2-58, 114)

-144-

YEZDAKOV N.V.

USSR/Ferm Animals. The Swine

Q-4

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 11, 1978, No 50055

Author : Yezdekov N.V.

In t Title : Utilizing Weste of Antibiotic Froduction for the Fettening

of Swine

Orig Pub: Svinovoč:tvo, 19-7, 39-42

Ab tract: When biomycin and penicillin waste was fed to pigs in doses of 5 to 10 gs deily for a period of 4 month, the qualities of meet and lard were improved (more protein contained in mear, higher caloric value of lard). Also, the digestibility of dry ubstances was increased by 3-5 percent, of protein by 1-5 percent, and of callulose by 8-1 percent. Folder productivity was increased, fattening time was shortened, and expenses for the enimals care and upkeep during fattening were lowered as well.

Card : 1/1

53

YEZDAKO

Swine. USSR/Farm Animals.

0-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur - Eiol., No. 22, 1958, 101183

Yezdokov, N.V. Author

All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Inst

Animal Husbandry.

Utilizing Antiobiotic Production Waste for Title

Fattening of Swine. .

Byul. nauchno-tekhn. inform. Vses. n.-i. in-t zhivotnovodstva, 1958, No. 2(4) 22-26 Orig Pub:

Abstract:

When 10 g of penicillin mycelium (pencillin production waste) per each kg of live weight was added to rations of pigs during fattening periods (4 months), increased average daily weight gains of 38 percent were produced. When 5g of the above-mentioned waste products were added, an 18 percent increase resulted.

Card 1/2

Q-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur - Biol., No. 22, 1958, 101183

When 10 g or 5 g of biomycin mycelium per each

APPROVED FOR RELEASE is a mounted to 59 and 50 percent, respectively, as compared to controls. Pigs receiving penicillin and biomycin mycelium were found to have better meat quality.

# Utilization of solid side-products in the chlortetracycline and penicillin industry for swine feeding. Antibiotiki 3 no.2:106-110 Kr-Ap '58. (MIRA 12:11) 1. Otdel kormieniya sel'skokhozyaystvennyth zhivotnyth Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta zhivotnovodatva. (CHLORTETRACYCLINE, preparation of, solid side-products in swine feeding (Rus)) (PENICILLIN, preparation of same) (SWINE, feeding with side-products in chlortetracycline & penicillin prod. (Rus))

YEVZIKOVA, N.Z.; MDSKALVUK, A.A.

Gaz-liquid inclusions in the carbonates of carbonatites.

Dokl. AN SSSR 159 no.1198-101 M '64.. (MERA 17:12)

1. Nauchno-iseledovatel'skiy institut geologii Arktiki.

Predstavleno ekademikom D.S. Korzhinskim.

YEZDAKO!

USSR / Farm Animals. Cattle.

: Ref Zhur - Biol:, No 14, 1958, No 64421 Abs Jour

Author

Inst Title : All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Animal Husbandry

: Changes in the Carotene and Vitamin A Content of Milk and Butter in Relation to the Type of Feeding and Breeds of

Animals.

Orig Pub

: Byul. nauchno-tekhn. inform. Vses. n.-i. in-t zhivotno-

vodstva, 1957, No 1 (3), 48-50

Abstract

: The highest content of vitamin A (A) and carotene (K) in the milk was in July, when the cows were fed vetch-oats mixture and clover. During the winter period, corn silage produced a more marked increase of A and K in the milk, as well as in the butter, as compared with sunflower silage. The milk of the Jersey cows and their crossbreeds had a considerably

Card 1/2

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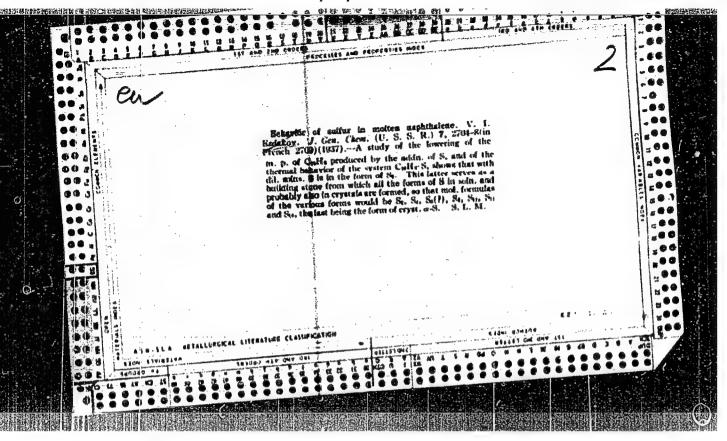
Q-2

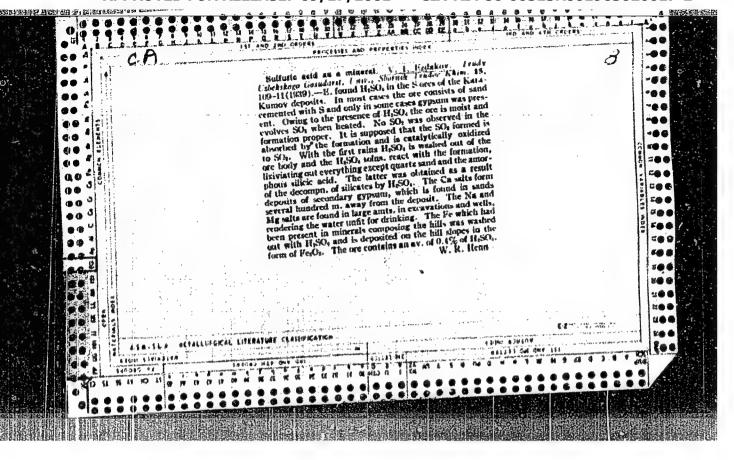
USSR / Farm Animals. Cattle.

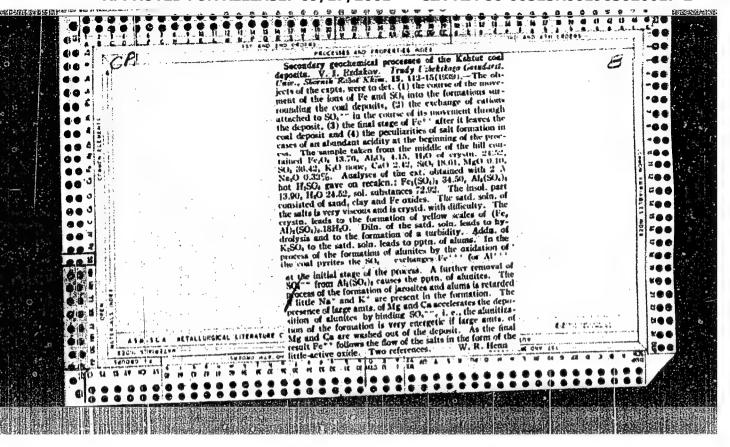
Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 14, 1958, No 64421

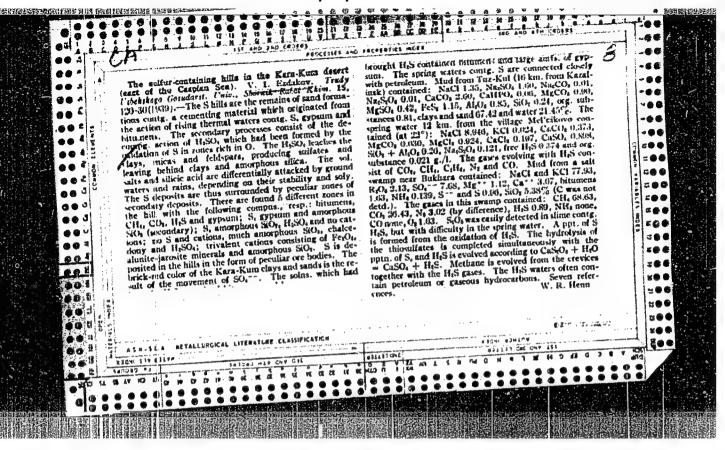
higher A and K content than the milk of the East Friesian cows during the stall management period. During the pasture period, this difference becomes less marked.

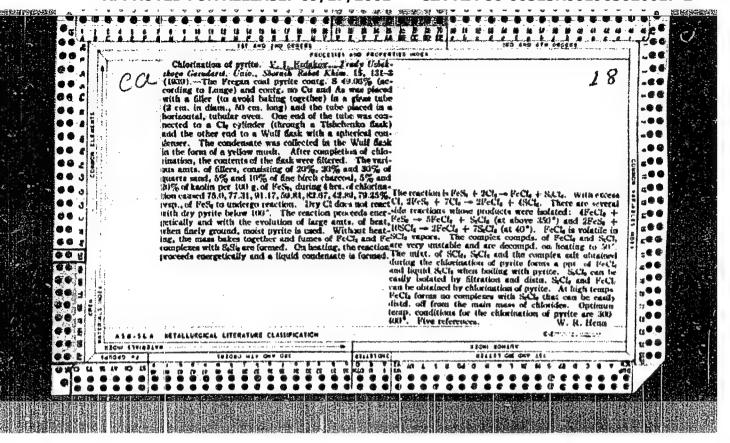
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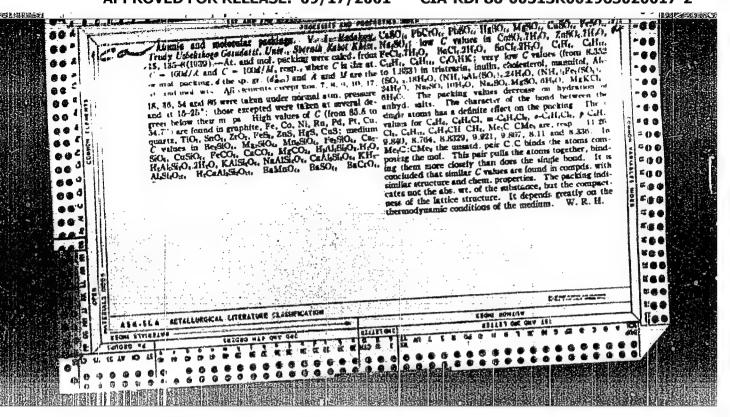


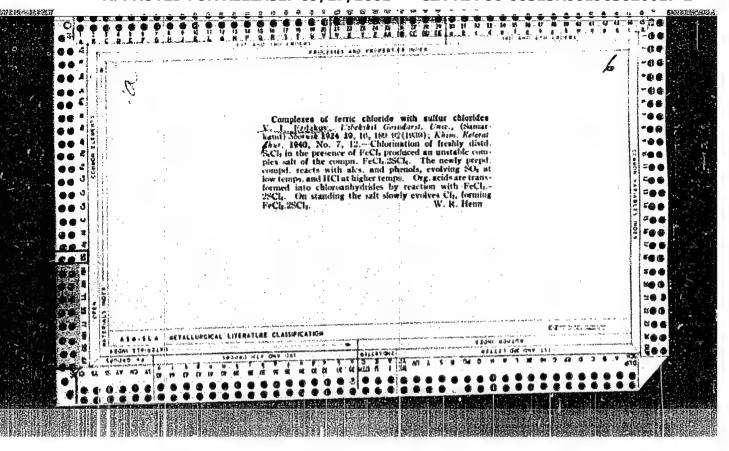


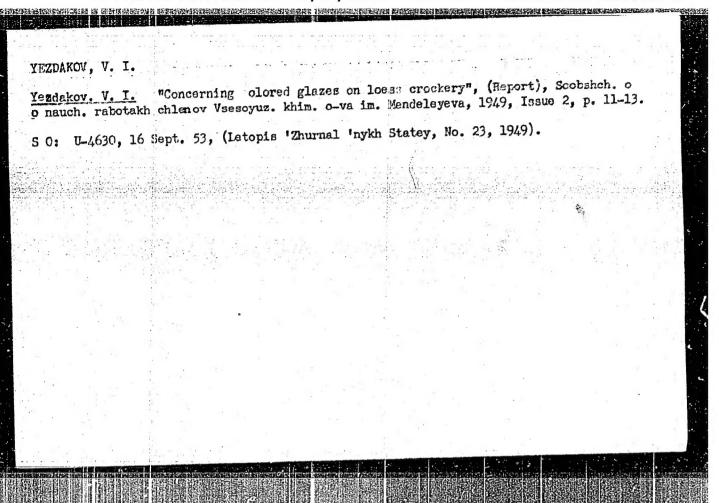




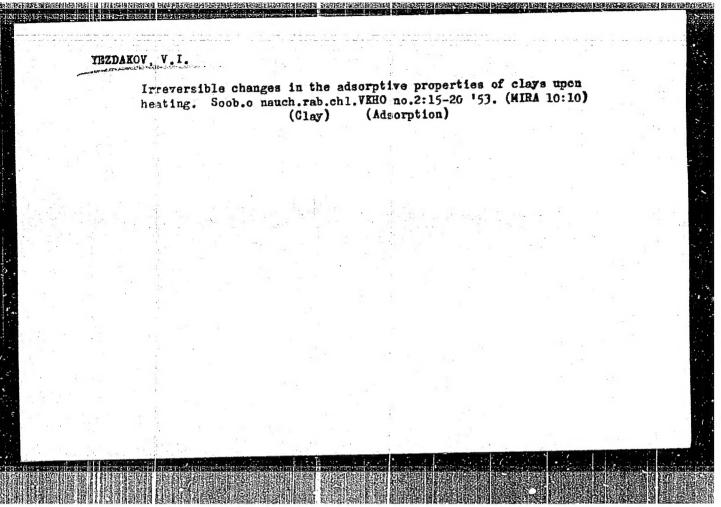








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